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1. The sub duplicate ratio of $25: 36$ is
(a) 6:5 (b) 36:25
(c) $50: 72$ (d) $5: 6$
2. Two numbers are in the ratio $2: 3$. If 4 be subtracted from each, they are in the ratio 3 : 5.
The numbers are
(a) $(16,24)(b)(4,6)(c)(2,3)(d)$ None of these
3. If $x: y=2: 3, y: z=4: 3$ then $x: y: z$ is
(a) $2: 3: 4$ (b) $4: 3: 2$ (c) $3: 2: 4$ (d) None of these
4. If $a / b=c / d$, implies $(a+b) /(a-b)=(c+d)(c-d)$, the process is called
(a) Componendo (b) Dividendo
(c) Componendo \& Dividendo (d) None of these
5. $4,{ }^{*}, 9,13 \frac{1}{2}$ are in proportion. Then * is
(a) 6 (b) 8 (c) 9 (d) None of these
6. The number which when subtracted from each of the terms of the ratio $19: 31$ reducing it to $1: 4$ is
(a) 15 (b) 5 (c) 1 (d) None of these
7. The ratio between the speeds of two trains is $7: 8$ If the second train runs 400 Kms . in 5 hours, the speed of the first trains is
(a) $10 \mathrm{Km} / \mathrm{hr}$ (b) $50 \mathrm{Km} / \mathrm{hr}$ (c) $71 \mathrm{Km} / \mathrm{hr}$ (d) None of these
8. $\left[\frac{81 x^{4}}{y^{-8}}\right]^{\frac{1}{4}}$ has simplified value equal to
(a) $x y^{2}$
(b) $x^{2} y$
(c) $9 x y^{2}$
(d) None of these
9. The value of $\left[\frac{2^{p 2} q^{3}}{3 x y}\right]^{0}$ is equal to
(a) 0
(b) $2 / 3$
(c) 1
(d) None of these
10. Using $(a-b)^{3}=a^{3}-b^{3}-3 a b(a-b)$ tick the correct of these when $x=p^{1 / 3}-p^{1 / 3}$
(a) $x^{3}+3 x=p+1 / p$
(b) $x^{3}+3 x=p-1 / p$
(c) $x^{3}+3 x=p+1$
(d) None of these
11. Which sampling is subjected to the discretion of the sampler?
(a) systematic sampling
(b) simple random sampling
(c) purposive sampling
(d) quota sampling
12. In sampling theory, proportion is used to study $\qquad$
(a) attribute of position
(b) variable of population
(c) both
(d) none
13. For an unknown parameter, how many interval estimates exist?
(a) only one
(b) two
(c) three
(d) many
14. Statistical data may be collected by complete enumeration called
(a) Census inquiry
(b) sample inquiry
(c) both
(d) none
15. The primary object of sampling is to obtain $\qquad$ information about population with $\qquad$ effort.
(a) maximum, minimum
(b) minimum, maximum
(c) some, less
(d) none
16. A $\qquad$ is the set of measurement/data that are actually selected in the course of an investigation/enquiry.
(a) sample
(b) population
(c) both
(d) none
